

LABOR LEADERS SENTENCED TO PRISON TERMS

Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison Are Guilty Of Contempt.

(Continued From First Page.)
before now does history show an instance where the power of established sovereignty was rendered forceful and the law for a case was made to fall in its efforts to secure to an outraged citizen, the establishment and vindication of its rights.

Gompers Played As Ringleader.
In passing sentence on President Gompers, the court said:

"For the ringleader and chief offender, the duty of the court is to be ascertained by its obligations to administer the justice of the land without respect to persons, requires in determining a penalty appropriate for the most dangerous and destructive of contempt, at least to parallel the extreme penalty which is fixed by good precedents."

Strong Words Used.
After lengthy recital of the functions of the law and judicial power, the opinion concludes:

"The evidence shows for these respondents an assiduous and persistent effort to undermine the supremacy of the law by unduly and maliciously to destroy the confidence of the people in the integrity of the tribunals which maintain it by inoculating the minds of their followers and the people with a virus of mischievous falsehoods and misrepresentation concerning the court and judges, seeking and hoping for the support of the people might be withdrawn from these tribunals, and by this means their power under the law rendered valueless and forceless. Compare the evil involved in the open and conscious attempt to overthrow the government with the secret and unsuccessful attempt of saying to the single witness in the course of a criminal trial:

"The defendants are her at the court to answer; they have been indicted against them and to say what, if any, reasons can exist against their punishment. Every part of their response, for they offer no defense, is measured by the words of their leader, Gompers: 'the things I am charged with, I did. Go to without further instructions.'"

History of Case.
The proceedings are the outgrowth of an alleged violation of an injunction issued by Justice Ashley M. Gould on December 18, 1907, and becoming effective December 23, following, restraining the American Federation of Labor and its officers from carrying on any strike or boycott. The Bucks Store and Range Company, of St. Louis, it was charged that the three respondents ignored the decree in public utterances, circulars, and editorials in the American Federationist, the official organ of the federation.

In the original proceedings in 1908, which were set aside by the United States Supreme Court, the three labor leaders were found guilty of contempt and jail sentences of twelve months, nine months, and six months, respectively, were imposed on President Gompers, Vice President Mitchell, and Secretary Morrison.

An Appeal Taken.
An appeal was taken by the federation officials to the district court of the lower court was sustained. Then the case was carried to the United States Supreme Court, which found that the injunction was too broad in its provisions, and the proceedings were referred back to the District Supreme Court with the option of renewing them.

Within twenty-four hours after the court of last resort handed down its decision, Justice Wright, on May 16, named a committee of prosecutors to investigate the case with a view of determining whether the charges should be referred. The committee comprised J. J. Darlington, of Washington; James A. Beck, of New York; and Daniel Davenport, of Bridgeport, Conn. The three attorneys who appeared for the Bucks Store in the original case.

Report of Committee.
The "committee of prosecutors" reported on June 23, 1911, declaring that there was reasonable cause for another charge of contempt against Messrs. Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison. On July 31, Justice Wright issued the contempt order and gave the three labor leaders until August 23 to answer.

A suggestion that the three respondents apologize to the court was made by the "committee of prosecutors" and was turned down. Later President Gompers characterized the suggestion as "an insult intended to break down my spirit." Vice President Mitchell subsequently gave a supposed opportunity to apologize to the court, but elected to stand on the evidence rather than accept immunity through an apology, although Justice Wright never definitely offered leniency to the labor head.

Oral testimony was heard before Justice Wright, and the three labor leaders testified in their own behalf, the cross-examination in each case consuming several days. Several thousand pages of testimony was taken and later arguments were heard before the full bench, Justice Wright taking the case under advisement in March and reserving his decision until today.

Before the hearing began United States Attorney Charles A. Smith was appointed to help prosecute, as an individual. "A friend of the court," Judge Alton B. Parker, of New York, and Jackson H. Ralston, of the firm Ralston, Siddons & Richardson, appeared for the federation officials.

District Institutions Lack Food Supply

The delay in making the District appropriation bill a law is giving the city officials considerable concern. The Commissioners, under the organic act, have no right to make or let contracts for which the appropriation has not been made.

George S. Wilson, secretary of the Board of Charities, has turned in requisitions for \$10,000 for food supplies for the different penal and charitable institutions which will be needed at the beginning of the month, but the requisitions have been held up until the bill becomes law.

Pope Pleads For Jews.

ROME, June 23.—In an address to the Catholic bishops of Central America, Pope Pius tenth recommends that the archbishops make every exertion in favor of "unfortunate Jews in these immense regions" and reproaches the Episcopate for neglecting this sphere so long.

HILLIS IS BOOMED FOR CHAIRMANSHIP OF NEW COMMITTEE

Believed All Roosevelt Supporters Will Be Forced Out.

CHICAGO, June 24.—When the new Republican national committee was called to order at 10 this morning the Taft members were slated to dominate all the action of the committee, and prophecies were made that most, not all, of the Roosevelt committeemen will be forced out. The election of Charles D. Hillis, President Taft's secretary, as the new chairman, was talked of by the Taft men as a certainty. Hillis remained in Chicago today, as President Taft's personal representative. Col. Roosevelt planned to leave for Oyster Bay late today, but it was not expected that his presence here would have any influence upon the organization of the national committee.

Of the Roosevelt members of the committee, William Flinn, of Pittsburgh, and William Allen White, the Kansas editor, have resigned. Today there were ten members of the committee who favored the Colonel.

Immediately following the call to order, it was planned to ask each member to sign a pledge to support the nominee of the convention. Because of the clause in the resolution adopted yesterday night which gives the committee itself power to fill all vacancies, "created by death or otherwise the ousting of the Roosevelt men was looked for if they refused to sign the pledge.

The ten Roosevelt supporters still in the committee are Russ Avery, California; Frederick Hale Maine; A. Casewell, Minnesota; Borden D. Whiting, New Jersey; W. F. Brown, Ohio; W. S. Edwards, West Virginia; William B. Jackson, Maryland; R. B. Gowen, Nebraska; Richmond Pearson, North Carolina; and G. C. Priestley, Oklahoma.

The committee will elect a chairman for Massachusetts. The deadlock in the Massachusetts delegation, is eighteen for Taft and eighteen for Roosevelt, prevented the re-election of Senator Murray Crane. The prospects were early today that Crane would be re-elected, and that Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, and Governor Ohio, and Victor Roosevelt of Nebraska would be given their old places as committeemen.

ROOSEVELT'S WORDS STIR THE HOUSE

Congressmen Campbell and Hefflin Read Utterances of Colonel Concerning Taft.

There was a serious emotional disturbance in the House this afternoon, occasioned by the reading of two utterances of Theodore Roosevelt.

Congressman Phil Campbell of Kansas asked that the clerk read the letter of Roosevelt written in 1908, in which he raised William Taft, then only a candidate for President. The reading of this letter produced huge joy on the conservative Republican side. Although the letter was long, no Democrat objected.

Immediately on its conclusion, however, the joys were chased away by glooms on the minority side of the House by the request of Congressman Hefflin of Alabama that a statement made by Roosevelt at Chicago. This statement inveighed against the fraud in public utterances of Taft, and declared that he would not be bound by the action of a convention so tainted. The Democrats found in this declaration in this viewing Republican schism, while the Taft Republicans sat silently and smileless.

Looking For a Job To Pay Wife Salary

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 24.—"Married but a week and being bossed all ready," said Edmund Trowbridge Dana, Harvard instructor, and grandson of Longfellow, as he and his bride, the heiress of Harvard's socialistic wedding, were enjoying an airing on the Longfellow estate.

"Just present I am looking for a job, so the profit-sharing isn't causing any serious trouble."

"How about the simple life business, with fewer servants, much less furniture, and one meal a day?" asked the interviewer.

"There's no immediate danger of our worrying about any surplus servants," said Dana, with a chuckle.

Building Of Road Is Voted Against

The Commissioners today reported against the amendment to the civil sundry bill providing for the grading and construction of a macadam road on Massachusetts avenue from Nebraska avenue, west to the District Line. The Commissioners state the amount named in the amendment, \$25,000, would not cover the cost of doing the work; as the road is to be 28 feet wide.

French Liner Arrives Manned By Navy Crew

NEW YORK, June 24.—The French line steamer La Provence has arrived from Havre manned by 250 men from the French navy, including sailors, engineers, and firemen. The unusual crew was necessary because of the seamen's strike at Havre, which the crew of the French navy recently joined.

NEW PARTY'S CALL FOR CONVENTION TO BE NON-PARTISAN

Doors Open To All Progressives, Is Plan Of The Leaders.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Plans for the mass convention to be held probably in Chicago during the first week in August were made today at a succession of conferences between Colonel Roosevelt and the committee of seven authorized at Sunday's meeting of delegates in the Florence room in the Congress Hotel. Although no announcements of the membership of the committee had been made, Colonel Roosevelt went to work at once, calling to his assistance Governor Johnson of California, who was authorized to name the committee and who will be its head; James R. Garfield, of Ohio; Judge Ben Lindsey, of Colorado; George T. Taylor, State treasurer of Tennessee; H. L. Anderson, of Florida; Richmond Pearson, of North Carolina; Oscar Hundley, of Alabama; Governor Stubbs of Kansas; Judge Lowder, of North Dakota; George L. Merriam, of New Jersey; Charles E. Merriam, of Illinois; Gifford Pinchot, and others.

Call Is Non-partisan.
In the call for the convention it is to be made plain, say members of the committee, that the movement is to be broadly non-partisan. Its doors are to be swung wide open and support invited from men like La Follette, Bryan, and Wilson. The nomination, the Roosevelt leaders say, is free to any candidate favored by the progressive sentiment of the nation and Colonel Roosevelt and his following say he will gladly step aside and accept another candidate.

Conventions of the convention decide that the light can be made strongly under other leadership. Regardless of action to be taken at the convention it is expected that Colonel Roosevelt regards himself as already the candidate of most of the States where he received the endorsement of Presidential primaries. These States have already chosen Presidential electors and the endorsement of these States and campaign for those electors—the nominees being men committed to his candidacy and believed prepared to vote for him in the Electoral College.

Full Ticket In Field.
In other States it is anticipated that the list of electors pledged to vote for Roosevelt as the candidate for the progressive party will be placed on the ballot, and in many States there will be complete State tickets to contend for those claiming regularity and headed by President Taft. It is stated by the Roosevelt managers that many of the details for the launching of the new party will necessarily be delayed until the conclusion of the Democratic convention at Baltimore. If the progressives fall there and are unable to control the platform or candidates, it is expected by Roosevelt and his followers that they will welcome an opportunity to unite with the new progressive party.

The issue in the coming campaign, said Governor Johnson, "is to be the people's rule against the rule by the special interests. On that point Democrats and Republicans ought not to be divided. When the two old parties fall under the spell of big business seeking special privilege and the government of the people, it is time to invite all people, regardless of party, to come together and take the government of their country back into their own hands."

This answer was given by the California governor in reply to a question as to what would be the platform of the new party and if the Democrats and Republicans are to be reconciled.

Colonel Roosevelt said today he would start for Oyster Bay on an afternoon train.

PULLING WHISKERS IS EXPENSIVE FUN

Youth Fined \$10 For Enjoying Sport At Aged Man's Expense.

"Fun," which involved the pulling of an aged man's whiskers, caused Clayton Wells, nine-year-old, to pay a fine of \$10 in the Police Court this morning.

The issue in the coming campaign, said Governor Johnson, "is to be the people's rule against the rule by the special interests. On that point Democrats and Republicans ought not to be divided. When the two old parties fall under the spell of big business seeking special privilege and the government of the people, it is time to invite all people, regardless of party, to come together and take the government of their country back into their own hands."

This answer was given by the California governor in reply to a question as to what would be the platform of the new party and if the Democrats and Republicans are to be reconciled.

Colonel Roosevelt said today he would start for Oyster Bay on an afternoon train.

Eagles At Baltimore.

About seventy-five members of Washington Aerie, No. 125, Fraternal Order of Eagles, were present in Baltimore last night at the initiation of 100 candidates into the order. R. L. Montague, District deputy, and William H. Clarke, president, headed the local party.

Realty Transfers

1833 and 1835 S street northwest and T street northwest, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets—Virginia L. Brunetti (Duchess D'Arco) to Woodbury Blaisdell, interest in lots 154 and 157, square 132 and lot one-half original lot 19, square 132, \$10.

Linthum Estate—Edward S. McKnew to E. E. Eakin, 2500, \$10.

210 K street northeast—Catherine Treneer to Gaiel A. Jacobs and others (heirs of John G. Treneer), all interest in lot 5, square 74, \$2,000.

375 Hoonston, southwest—Glenn Brown et ux. to William B. Lord, lot 28, square 208, \$10.

FEDERAL PRINTERS MUST WAIT WHILE FOR HOLIDAY WAGES

Shortage At G. P. O. May Cause Shift In Funds At Big Printery.

A shortage in the funds of the Government Printing Office to cover wages of the employees for holidays has resulted in more than half of the men and women employed in that establishment having to go without their pay for last Memorial Day.

Until Congress acts favorably upon the urgent deficiency bill now before that body, which contains an item to cover this shortage, the employees will have to do without this amount unless a transfer of funds is made.

Public Printer Donnelly said today he feared it would be necessary to transfer something like \$5,000 from other funds to that covering holiday salaries, unless the bill in question receives immediate consideration by Congress.

Owing to the fact that an unusually large number of holidays have occurred during the current fiscal year, the fund for paying holiday salaries was depleted before half the Government Printing Office employees were paid. The officials realized that this depletion would occur, and immediately called on Congress for assistance.

In the deficiency bill, Mr. Donnelly caused to be inserted an item of \$5,000 to be used for this purpose. The far Congress has taken no action on the bill, and the employees have suffered as a consequence.

"The employees will receive their money, but they may have to wait some time," said the Public Printer.

CONVENTION FUND AIDED BY MAGNATES

Carnegie, Rockefeller, and Others Contribute To Help Hygiene Meeting.

Andrew Carnegie and John D. Rockefeller are among the contributors to the expenses of the Fifteenth International Congress on Hygiene and Demography which meets in Washington September 23-28. Each has subscribed \$5,000. Other well-known contributors in the list, which is made public today for the first time, are Cyrus McCormick, of Chicago; Jacob Blumenthal, of New York; the Russell Sage Foundation, and Col. H. L. Higginson, of Boston. Each has contributed \$5,000. Mrs. E. H. Harriman has given \$2,000 and James H. Watson, of Chicago, and Jacob Schiff, of New York, \$1,000 each. An anonymous contributor has also given \$5,000.

In all about \$42,000 has been subscribed by private individuals. An additional \$10,000 is being raised in Washington for the salaries of the congress and the convention of the American Public Health Association, which meets about the same time.

The expenses of the congress are estimated to reach \$113,000. Of this the United States has appropriated \$60,000.

WHISTLER PAINTINGS WILL NOT BE MOVED

Despite Protest of Biographer, Collection Is To Remain In the Museum.

The paintings and etchings by Whistler, part of the Freer collection in the National Museum, will hang indefinitely the way they are now in spite of the criticisms made by Mrs. Joseph Pennell, biographer of Whistler. Mrs. Pennell's complaints are voiced in an article written for a New York newspaper.

The Whistler paintings, by far the most valuable modern works which Washington has, are in the gallery, and declared by Mrs. Pennell to be hung in bad lighting and she further charges that their arrangement as respects grouping is most inartistic.

Few persons were in the Museum to see the pictures the day Mrs. Pennell visited the collection and complaint is also made of that.

Fan Goes Insane Over Reds' Losses

CINCINNATI, June 24.—The losing streak of the Cincinnati baseball club has impaired the mind of Fred Schwarm, 2412 Miami Canal, according to testimony in the probate court today that resulted in his being sent to Longview Asylum. Doctors believe rest will cure him.

Schwarm told Examiners Kendig and Davis that he had been secured to play shortstop for the Reds because Manager O'Day believed he would bolster up the team.

After the examination Schwarm refused to leave until he had gained what he imagined was a contract with the Cincinnati team.

LOCAL MENTION.

Eastern Shore is now connected direct with Washington. New rapid transit. See W. B. & A. Electric Railway.

A tremendous 3 reel sensation. "The Red Rose of the Apaches." Today, Virginia Theater.

Bridge is now only five hours from Washington. New, direct rapid transit every day. See W. B. & A. Electric Railway.

Summer Rates, Stag Hotel. Investigate Ocean City is now only six hours from Washington. New, direct rapid transit every day. Special excursions Sunday. See W. B. & A. Electric Railway.

ANACOSTIA FIGHTS TO OBTAIN BETTER DELIVERY SERVICE

President Burr, of Citizens' Association, Is First Witness Before Examiner.

Charles R. Burr, president of the Anacostia Citizens' Association, received a lengthy cross-examination today by attorneys for the railroad and express companies which are resisting the effort of the Anacostia association to get the same freight and express delivery service other parts of the District enjoy.

Mr. Burr was the opening witness in the hearing before Examiner G. P. Boyle, of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The Anacostians seek three things: "Store-door" delivery of freight, free express delivery from substations of the express companies in Anacostia, and trunk transfer service by the Union Transfer Company.

"Store-door" freight delivery means free delivery of freight to merchants, a service given in Washington south of Florida avenue. A hearing has already been held by the commission on complaint of merchants on Fourteenth street north of Florida avenue, Caesar Cavanaugh, a fruit dealer being the complainant. The principal in this case is somewhat the same as in the Anacostia petition, so as to that relates to freight and the commission may rule on the two simultaneously.

Mr. Burr's testimony on direct examination set forth mainly the facts alleged in the complaint that Anacostia people are not getting what other District citizens are. With respect to express service, he testified that unless Anacostians go to the substations in person an extra charge is made for delivery. On cross-examination Attorney T. B. Harrison, attorney for the Adams and Southern Express companies, asked Mr. Burr if residents of Anacostia are not in the habit of going to the substations "to wait for their packages just as in a country village people go to wait for the mail."

"No indeed," replied Mr. Burr with spirit. "Anacostia is a good deal more than a country village. I'll show you if you will come down."

"I hope to have the pleasure," returned Mr. Harrison.

B. P. Kerfoot for the United States Express Company plied the witness with many questions, the hope of showing that express business is a regular rather than irregular, that the merchants of Anacostia get most of their consignments by freight and by wagon delivery of wholesale establishments.

With a representative at the hearing by Attorney Frank A. Bright and A. E. Beck, present today to testify were J. W. Latimer, L. W. Thompson, and William Mushak. Mr. Latimer is in the District Surveyor's office, and Mushak and Thompson are merchants of Anacostia.

The plaintiffs will seek to show that the District Commissioners have held Anacostia an integral part of the city of Washington.

TWO SMALL FIRES EXTINGUISHED TODAY

Engine Company, On Way To One Blaze, Hurries To Another.

Responding to an alarm this morning for fire in the automobile repair shop of F. A. Acker, in the rear of 510 New Jersey avenue northwest, members of No. 14 engine company discovered another blaze and stopped long enough to extinguish it before going to the first.

The engine company had just started for the fire in the automobile shop when a man came running down the street waving his arms. He told them there was a blaze in the department store of S. Kann, Sons & Co., Eighth street and Pennsylvania avenue. Knowing that three other engine companies were on the way, the driver turned his horses around and went to the department store.

The blaze there was caused by a pan of grease catching fire and was extinguished before any damage had been done.

The fire in the repair shop was caused by a can of gasoline overflowing. The damage was \$15. By the time No. 14 arrived the blaze was out and the other companies on their way home.

Alleged Embezzlement Case Is Continued

Counsel for William T. Finn, the attorney of 525 Twenty-third street northwest, who was arrested by Central Office detectives yesterday afternoon charged with embezzlement of money from Miss Madeline Hewitt, of 222 H street northwest, asked for a continuance of their client's case in the Police Court today. The case has been set for July 2.

Miss Hewitt declared to the District Attorney that when asking for a warrant for the lawyer's arrest, that Finn embezzled \$500 from an estate in Martinsburg, W. Va., the rightful property of her mother, her sister and herself. Mr. Finn declares that his arrest is a mistake and that everything will be proven in his favor when the case is tried.

"Put a Live Salesman in Your Envelopes"

Alford's Typewritten Letters will locate prospective customers, close sales and collect the money.

100 letters.....\$1.50
200 letters.....\$2.50
300 letters.....\$3.50
400 letters.....\$4.50
500 letters.....\$5.50
600 letters.....\$6.50
700 letters.....\$7.50
800 letters.....\$8.50
900 letters.....\$9.50
1,000 letters.....\$10.50

ALFORD LETTER CO.
District National Bank Building,
Phone Main 7504.

STRIKE OF TRAINMEN IS EXPECTED TODAY

Pennsylvania Employees East of Pittsburgh Awaiting Word to Quit.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—A strike of all the conductors, trainmen, and firemen employed on the lines of the Pennsylvania railroad east of Pittsburgh is expected to be called today, when all of the votes that have been cast during the ten days' canvass that has been conducted since the railroad refused the employees' demands and the men refused to arbitrate, will be counted.

These votes have been coming in to the general committee of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Firemen, and Conductors by the thousands during the past few days, and members of the committee say that more than four-fifths favor a strike. The situation has become so acute and the strike is so likely that the Pennsylvania railroad has made preparations to employ strike breakers as crews for its trains in the event of the strike becoming a reality.

The company has intimated that it will ask for another conference with the general committee of the employees before the count is made, in order to avert the strike that General Manager Long admits the men have voted for.

About two-thirds of the members of the general committee have arrived in Philadelphia. The rest will arrive today. If the refusal to arbitrate ends Mr. Long, or if it is granted and ends in dissatisfaction, the strike of 25,000 men will be called as soon as the result of the voting is announced late today.

Shots Exchanged Along Broadway

New York Police Catch Alleged Robbers in Automobiles.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Thirty shots were exchanged between police detectives and four alleged robbers in lower Broadway today, as the latter were making off in an automobile with \$10,000 worth of feathers and plumes taken from the African Feather Company's building. No one was wounded, but the detectives succeeded in halting the automobile in front of Grace Church, and arresting the four men.

The police had received advance information that an attempt was to be made to rob the feather store, and detectives, who were stationed in the vicinity, discovered the men leaving the building with suit cases and bundles.

Entrance had been effected boldly by blowing a hole through the wall of the adjoining building with dynamite. In police court the prisoners were held without bail. They gave their names as Morris Fishman, Joseph Goldstein, Harry Cohen, and Joseph Earle.

This is the fifth arrest in burglaries of this kind made by Capt. Dominick Henry's men in the last month. In several of the other cases the burglars used an automobile in their operations.

The precinct is full of loft buildings, and is a tempting one for burglars, especially on Saturday night and Sunday morning.

Open 8 A. M. Close 6 P. M.

420 TO 426 7TH ST

LANSBURG & BRO

417 TO 425 8TH ST

\$2.98 Gold-Filled and German Silver Long Refracting Bangle Earrings.

\$2.00 and \$2.50 Batiste Embroidery Flouncing, 45 inches.

\$1.75 Hand-Painted and Sprigged White Fans.

Women's 35c Richellee Ribbed Vests.

98c 98c \$1.25 18c

Another Bulletin of Extraordinary Bargains in Our Great Rebuilding Sale

75c 50-inch Navy Mohair Sicilian, Yd. 48c

Double Warp, Reversible, Highly Lustrous, Full 50-inch Navy Blue Mohair Sicilian. Only five pieces. Nice for good, serviceable bathing suits, skirts, and dresses; perfect goods; fast dye. Owing to the wide width only a small quantity is required for a garment. The mohair is a splendid bargain. Be prompt. Worth 75c. Rebuilding Sale price 48c.

39c All-Bristle Hair Brushes 24c

75c Unbreakable Pearl Necklace 50c

35c Rubber-Lined Tourists' Case, 4 POCKETS, 23c

\$1.49 Vanity Box and CARD CASE, GERMAN SILVER, 98c

\$1.25 Black Irish Poplin 95c

\$1.25 Shadow All-over Lace 45c

We have a good assortment of Shadow All-over Lace, in white and cream; so stylish for making yokes and sleeves. In this lot you will find some silk embroidered net. Washable. \$1.25 yard. Rebuilding Sale price 45c.

Sheets, Cases and Domestic

36-in. Pocahontas Bleach Twill Cotton For men's underwear, midly blouses and other use. 10c value. Special 7 1/2c

36-in. Jack Rose Domestic Longcloth For summer use; 12c value. Special 9 3/4c

10-4 Bleach Sheet Full 2 1/2 yards wide; for double sheets; fine soft finish; with heavy round thread. 33c value. Special 21c

48-inch Unbleached Cotton Made from fine Sea Island staple cotton; will bleach in first washing. 12c value. Special 12 1/2c

\$2.50 and \$2.25 Scotch Lace Curtains \$1.69

\$1.00 Black Silks at 68c

36-in. Black Taffeta.

36-in. Black Messaline.